The Rotation of Eigenspaces of Perturbed Matrix Pairs

Ninoslav Truhar

We present new sin Θ theorems for relative perturbations of Hermitian definite generalized eigenvalue problem $A - \lambda B$, where both A and B are Hermitian and B is positive definite. The rotation of eigenspaces is measured in the matrix dependent scalar product. We assess the sharpness of the new estimates in terms of the effectivity quotients (the quotient of the measure of the perturbation with the estimator). The known sin Θ theorems for relative perturbations of the single matrix Hermitian eigenspace problem are included as special cases in our approach. We also present the upper bound for the norm of *J*-unitary matrix F ($F^*JF = J$), which plays important role in the relative perturbation theory for quasidefinite Hermitian matrices *H*, where $H_{qd} \equiv P^T H P = [H_{11}, H_{12}; H_{12}^*, -H_{22}]$ and J =diag($I_k, -I_{n-k}$), for some permutation matrix *P* and $H_{11} \in \mathbb{C}^{k \times k}$ and $H_{22} + H_{12}^*H_{11}^{-1}H_{12} \in$ $\mathbb{C}^{n-k \times n-k}$ positive definite .

This talk is based on joint results with: Luka Grubišić,Department of Mathematics, University of Zagreb; Suzana Miodragović, Department of Mathematics, University J.J. Strossmayer; Krešimir Veselić, Fernuniversität in Hagen